Example: Small Engineering Firm

What Makes a Good Manager?

Collaboration

• Work effectively with people of all levels to achieve goals and identify and resolve problems.

Communication

- Communicate clearly and concisely with all staff.
- Talk through work problems with others on a one-to-one basis.
- Give information over the phone in a clear, concise and informative way.
- Explain or give details of changes or problems to colleagues.
- Write letters and reports in a straightforward way which is readily understood by the receiver

Decisiveness

- Be ready to make decisions and judgements even though they may be difficult or unpopular.
- Make decisions and recommendations where a quick response is necessary.
- Defend your decisions and show them to be well thought through if they are challenged.

Implementation Skills

- Set priorities, define targets, give responsibilities and plan work so that results are achieved on time and within budget.
- Plan your time and the time of other staff to undertake tasks.
- Set priorities for work of your section.
- Plan when to monitor and review the work of your section.
- Take steps to correct errors.

Influencing Skills

- Get others to play close attention to your comments.
- Build support for your ideas with colleagues.
- Use facts and information effectively to persuade staff and clients.
- Persuade others by linking your ideas and action to their needs e.g. solving an office problem by considering your colleagues needs.
- Create support for others ideas or initiatives e.g. support change initiatives.

Initiative

- Take responsibility for and encourage action towards achieving goals and changes which benefit the company.
- Take the lead to "make things happen".
- Come up with ideas and suggestions to improve processes.
- Widen your responsibilities to make business opportunities.

Leadership

- Take responsibility for a task and give direction, provide structure and give responsibilities to others to get a task done.
- Coordinate the work of colleagues i.e. lead a team.
- Give directions to others and delegate to get a task done.
- Take responsibility for the work of your team and for the success or failure of you and your team.
- Be a central point which colleagues refer to for help and guidance.
- Widen your own responsibilities to get a task done.

Maximise Business Performance

- Establish performance criteria for the business and try to maximise effectiveness by monitoring and reviewing overall performance.
- Set up systems to monitor performance and results.
- Monitor workflow patterns to make sure there is maximum efficiency and effective use of resources.
- Identify ways of minimising costs whilst increasing income.
- Set standards which the team's performance can be measured against.
- Stress efficiency and productivity when planning work and establishing

Maximising Performance

- responsibilities for staff.
- Set individual performance goals, coach, provide training and evaluate performance improvement.
- Involve staff in setting performance criteria that can be measured.
- Establish a systematic method for evaluating the performance of your team.
- Support and encourage staff to do the things necessary for improved and effective performance of their job.
- Identify and organise relevant training and coaching for staff.
- Build staff's self confidence by enabling them to meet challenges or solve problems.
- Evaluate staff performance accurately and fairly, giving regular and accurate feedback to staff on their performance.

Need for Excellence

- Encourage others to carry out tasks to the highest standard possible to improve upon previous performance.
- Improve the way in which a task was done before.
- Make the team aware of your high expectations for excellence in performance and productivity.
- Show a concern for progress and quality.
- See and deal with things which get in the way of reaching a standard.
- Motivate others to achieve goals.

Problem Solving

- Look at a problem or issue so that the important things are identified and practical high quality solutions are chosen.
- Link information together so that a problem can be understood.
- Establish how the cause of a problem will give rise to a certain outcome (that is "if x happens, then y should follow").
- Take account of different side issues while dealing with the main area of concern.
- See and consider fully the different interests and points of view held by colleagues.
- Create a range of options or alternatives when faced with a problem.
- Simplify information to explain what has happened.
- Think through the effects of carrying out various options.
- Consider any factors which might give rise to future problems before reaching a solution.
- See the pros and cons of preferred solutions when weighing up which to choose.

Staff Development

- Create a positive climate in which staff receive feedback, support and coaching to improve their performance and skills.
- Give on-the-job training and coaching to staff as part of improving their performance.
- Praise and encourage good work by others.
- Encourage and give recognition to staff for undertaking development activities.
- Identify and discuss the strengths and development needs of staff.
- Create an environment in which staff can develop themselves.

Team Skills

- Work openly, sensitively and in cooperation with others.
- Stress the need for staff to work together and encourage a team approach to solve difficulties.
- Ask team members for their ideas and suggestions.
- Keep others informed by sharing your own ideas and feelings.
- Use good humour to reduce tension at work.
- Give attention to the needs and feelings of others.

Technical Knowledge

- Have wide and detailed technical knowledge, experience and market awareness.
- Have detailed knowledge of products or systems.
- Software program knowledge.
- Keep up-to-date on changing business trends.
- Use technical knowledge and experience to improve job performance.